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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/534,882	02/01/2007	David E. Vokey	85533-102	8847
23529 ADE & COM	7590 01/19/201 PANY INC	EXAMINER		
2157 Henderse	on Highway	VALONE, THOMAS F		
WINNIPEG, I CANADA	MB R2G1P9		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			2831	
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			01/19/2010	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

Advisory Action Before the Filing of an Appeal Brief

Application No.	Applicant(s)		
10/534,882	VOKEY ET AL.		
Examiner	Art Unit		
THOMAS F. VALONE	2831		

	THOMAS F. VALONE	2831					
The MAILING DATE of this communication appe	ars on the cover sheet with the o	orrespondence add	ress				
THE REPLY FILED 06 January 2010 FAILS TO PLACE THIS A	PPLICATION IN CONDITION FOR	R ALLOWANCE.					
 M The reply was filed after a final rejection, but prior to or on application, applicant must timely file one of the following application in condition for allowance, (2) a Notice of Appe for Continued Examination (RCE) in compliance with 37 C periods: 	the same day as filing a Notice of a replies: (1) an amendment, affidavi eal (with appeal fee) in compliance	Appeal. To avoid abar t, or other evidence, v with 37 CFR 41.31; o	hich places the (3) a Request				
The period for reply expires months from the mailing	date of the final rejection.						
b) The period for reply expires on: (1) the mailing date of this A no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire to							
MONTHS OF THE FINAL REJECTION. See MPEP 706.07().	FINST KEFLT WAS FI	LED WITHIN TWO				
Extensions of time may be obtained under 37 CFR 1.136(a). The date have been filed is the date for purposes of determining the period of ext under 37 CFR 1.17(a) is calculated from: (1) the expiration date of the set forth in (b) above, it checked. Any reply received by the Office later may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ension and the corresponding amount of hortened statutory period for reply origing than three months after the mailing date	of the fee. The appropri- nally set in the final Office	ate extension fee e action; or (2) as				
NOTICE OF APPEAL							
 The Notice of Appeal was filed on A brief in comp filing the Notice of Appeal (37 CFR 41.37(a)), or any exter Notice of Appeal has been filed, any reply must be filed w 	sion thereof (37 CFR 41.37(e)), to	avoid dismissal of the					
AMENDMENTS							
 The proposed amendment(s) filed after a final rejection, to (a) They raise new issues that would require further core. They raise the issue of new matter (see NOTE below) They are not deemed to place the application in bet 	nsideration and/or search (see NOT w);	E below);					
appeal; and/or (d) They present additional claims without canceling a c			10 100000 101				
NOTE: See Continuation Sheet. (See 37 CFR 1.1		cted claims.					
4. The amendments are not in compliance with 37 CFR 1.12		mnliant Amendment (DTOL-324)				
Applicant's reply has overcome the following rejection(s):		inpliant Americanient (102-324).				
Newly proposed or amended claim(s) would be all non-allowable claim(s).		imely filed amendmer	nt canceling the				
7. For purposes of appeal, the proposed amendment(s): a) how the new or amended claims would be rejected is prov The status of the claim(s) is (or will be) as follows: Claim(s) allowed:		be entered and an e	xplanation of				
Claim(s) objected to: Claim(s) rejected: <u>12.13.15.16.18-28</u> .							
Claim(s) withdrawn from consideration: AFFIDAVIT OR OTHER EVIDENCE							
The affidavit or other evidence filed after a final action, bu because applicant failed to provide a showing of good and was not earlier presented. See 37 CFR 1.116(e).							
 The affidavit or other evidence filed after the date of filing entered because the affidavit or other evidence failed to o showing a good and sufficient reasons why it is necessary 	vercome <u>all</u> rejections under appea	l and/or appellant fail	s to provide a				
10. The affidavit or other evidence is entered. An explanation REQUEST FOR RECONSIDERATION/OTHER	n of the status of the claims after er	ntry is below or attach	ed.				
11. The request for reconsideration has been considered bu	does NOT place the application in	condition for allowan	ce because:				
12. Note the attached Information Disclosure Statement(s). (13. Other:	PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s). <u>1/6/10</u>						
	/Thomas F Valone/ Examiner, Art Unit 2831						

U.S. Patent and Trademark Office

Continuation of 3. NOTE: The proposed amendments have not been searched and require further consideration. The newly cited references have been considered as requested. It is noted that Rosenau (4,259,633) leaches dual pins that "may be driven into the wood at appropriate distance from one another" (col. 2, line 58) which seems to read on the argument which the applicant is emphasizing, thus providing additional prior art motivation to combine staples and moisture detecting tape.

As to the argument concerning each probe comprising a staple and each pair of probes comprise a staple, with both "prongs" of the second staple driven into the second conductor, these limitations do not seem to be claimed. Furthermore, the applicant is hereby put on notice that in light of the specification, applicant admits that "The probes are of a dual prong design" (instant specification, p. 7, par. 2) and there are "ten pairs of institure probes" (instant specification, p. 7, par. 4). Therefore, in view of the disclosed and calamit promatically instituted to the specification of the probes are of a dual prong design", there seems to be no other interpretation possible, to one of ordinary skill in the art, than to assume that the terms "probe" and "prong" are to be used interbrangeably, especially with the applicant's additional argument that each probe "includes at least one rigid elongate conductive element". This type of claim language renders the claim indefinite and thus, the rejection under 35 USC 112.2" of which arguments to the effect of "across the two flat conductors" (but not claim), do not change such a synonymous definition, which is not a broad interpretation by any means, since no evidence to the contrary is claimed. Thus directed by the applicant's own disclosure and claim terminology, the ordinary skill interpretation also accommodates the argument regarding the boldface and underlined claim terminology "inserted parallel to one another in the two flat conductors" since this geometry is also accomplished when prong is substituted for probe in the claims and longitudinal spaced locations are implemented with pairs of probes (prongs), it is not persuasive that the manner in which the prior art staples are forced into the leak detecting tape, which is also in the prior art, is somehow an innovative step, since even the staple quin tools to do so are in the prior art in the prior art.

It is noted that the applicant further argues that "the separate prongs of the staple are not the individual probes" (Remarks, 1/6/10, p. 14). However, the claim terminology can be read as if they are the same and the method carried out by one of ordinary skill, with indeterminate results.

In regards to the argument that there is simply no disclosure in the prior art of where the staples should be located, apparently the newly cited Rosenau reference reinforces the existing obviousness rejection in the final Office Action as noted above.

Regarding the argument that claim 27 claims a hydrophobic substrate and a water pervious top coating which is not found in Stewart, it is noted that actually Stewart seaches "additional permeable inclusion 5" and "permeable acheavies insulation 5", o) which is not "difficult to understand" as argued but instead broadly reads on the protective layer water pervious limitation of claim 27 to one of ordinary skill, as noted in the existing obviousness rejection in the final Office Action. As to the claimed hydrophobic substrate is found in the Gott reference who seems to be omitted from the applicant's argument. The prior art reference Cott, also claim 27, this found in the Gott reference who seems to be omitted from the applicant's argument. The prior art reference Cott, also claim 3, is usually a service to the control of a service of a ser